monitoring relays





- AC/DC current monitoring in 1-phase mains 1
- Multifunctions monitoring relays (16,6...400 Hz)
- Timing adjustment for start-up suppression time and tripping delay @
- Fault latch mode
- Relay supply via the supply transformer of TR2 type **③** see page 58
- 2 changeover contacts: 2 C/O
- Rated load: 5 A / 250 V AC at cat. AC1
- Installation design: width 22,5 mm
- Recognitions, certifications, directives: (€

Type of relay MR-GI1M2P-TR2

Type of Felay		WITT OF THE
Output circuit		
Number and type of cor	ntacts	2 C/O - changeover
Rated load	AC1	5 A / 250 V AC
Max. breaking capacity AC1		1 250 VA
Max. operating frequen	CV	
• at 100 VA resistive load		3 600 cycles/hour
• at 1 000 VA resistive load		360 cycles/hour PN-EN 60947-5-1
Input circuit		, ,
Supply voltage U		12400 V AC; terminals A1-A2 (galvanically separated) •
Drop-out voltage		AC: ≥ 0,3 U _n
Operating range of supply voltage		as per the specification of TR2 supply transformer
Rated power consumption		2,0 VA / 1,5 W
Rated frequency		as per the specification of TR2 supply transformer
Duty cycle		100%
Measuring circuit	• terminals	0,1 A AC/DC: K-I1
weasuning circuit	measuring variable	DC or AC sinus, 16,6400 Hz (frequency response: -10+5%)
	measuring variable measuring input	0,1-1-10AAC/DC
	overload capacity	0,1 A AC/DC: 0,8 A 1 A AC/DC: 3 A 10 A AC/DC: 12 A
	• input resistance	0.1 A AC/DC: 470 m Ω 1 A AC/DC: 47 m Ω 10 A AC/DC: 5 m Ω
	• swiching threshold U _s	$max.: 0,1 < I_n < 1,0 $ $min.: 0,05 < I_n < 0,95$
Insulation	Swiching threshold Os	111ax 0,1 × 1 ₀ × 1,0 11111 0,00 × 1 ₀ × 0,00
		4,000,1/4,0
Rated surge voltage		4 000 V AC
Overvoltage category		III PN-EN 60664-1
Insulation pollution degree		3 PN-EN 60664-1
General data		
Electrical life	resistive AC1	$\geq 2 \times 10^5 + 1000 \text{ VA}$
Mechanical life (cycles)		$\geq 2 \times 10^7$
Dimensions (L x W x H)		90 x 22,5 x 103 mm
Weight		100 g
Ambient temperature	 storage, transport 	-25+70 °C
	operating	-25+55 °C PN-EN 60068-1 -25+40 °C UL 508
Housing protection category		IP40
Relative humidity		1585% PN-EN 60721-3-3 class 3K3
Shock resistance		15 g 11 ms PN-EN 60068-2-27
Vibration resistance		0,35 mm DA 1055 Hz PN-EN 60068-2-6
Meassuring circui	t data	
Functions		OVER, OVER+LATCH, UNDER, UNDER+LATCH, WIN, WIN+LATCH €
		timing adjustment for start-up suppression time and tripping delay @
Time intervals (timing adjustment)		start-up suppression time (010 s) tripping delay (0,110 s)
Base accuracy		± 5% (calculate from final range value)
Setting accuracy		± 5% (calculate from final range value)
Repeatability		± 2%
Temperature influence		± 0,1% / °C
Recovery time		500 ms
LED indicator		green LED ON - indication of supply voltage
		green LED flashes - indication of start-up suppression time
		red LED ON/OFF - indication of failure ®
		red LED flashes - indication of tripping delay 6
		red LED hashes - indication of tripping delay &

- With adjustable threshold.
- Separately adjustable.
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$ TR2 transformers shall be ordered separately.

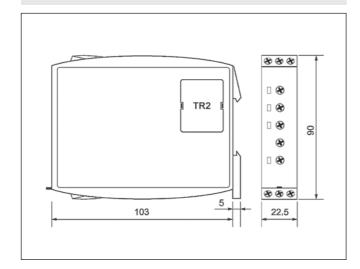
- Selectable via supply transformers TR2.
- **6** Selectable by means of rotary switch.
- **③** Of the corresponding threshold.



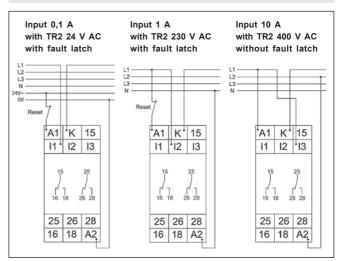
MR-GI1M2P-TR2

monitoring relays

Dimensions



Connections diagrams



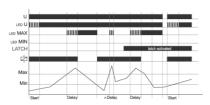
Mounting, mechanical design

Relays MR-GI1M2P-TR2 are designed for direct mounting on 35 mm DIN rail mount, EN 50022. Mounting position: any. Self-extinguishing plastic housing, IP 40. Shockproof terminal connection according to VBG 4 (PZ1 required), IP 20. Maximum screw torgue: 1,0 Nm. Terminal capacity: 1 x 0,5 do 2,5 mm² with/without multicore cable end, 1 x 4 mm² without multicore cable end, 2 x 0,5 do 1,5 mm² with/without multicore cable end, 2 x 2,5 mm² flexible without multicore cable end.

Functions

When the supply voltage U is applied, the output relay R switches into on-position (yellow LED illuminated) and the set interval of the start-up suppression (START) begins (green LED U flashes). Changes of the measured current during this period do not affect the state of the output relay R. After the interval has expired the green LED is illuminated steadily. For all the functions the LEDs MIN and MAX are flashing alternating, when the minimum value for the measured current was chosen to be greater than the maximum value.

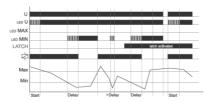
OVER, OVER+LATCH - overcurrent monitoring, overcurrent monitoring with fault latch



When the measured current exceeds the value adjusted at the MAX-regulator, the set interval of the tripping delay (Delay) begins (red LED MAX flashes). After the interval has expired (red LED MAX illuminated), the output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated). The output relay R again switchs into on-position (yellow LED illuminated), when the measured current falls below the value adjusted at the MINregulator (red LED MAX not illuminated)

If the fault latch is activated (OVER+LATCH) and the measured current remains above the MAXvalue longer than the set interval of the tripping delay, the output relay R remains in the off-position even if the measured current falls below the value adjusted at the MIN-regulator. After resetting the failure (interrupting and re-applying the supply voltage), the output relay R again switchs into on-position and a new measuring cycle begins with the set interval of the start-up suppression (START).

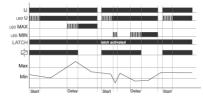
UNDER, UNDER+LATCH - undercurrent monitoring, undercurrent monitoring with fault latch



When the measured current falls below the value adjusted at the MIN-regulator, the set interval of the tripping delay (Delay) begins (red LED MIN flashes). After the interval has expired (red LED MIN illuminated), the output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated). The output relay R again switchs into on-position (yellow LED illuminated), when the measured current exceeds the value adjusted at the MAXregulator.

If the fault latch is activated (UNDER+LATCH) and the measured current remains below the MINvalue longer than the set interval of the tripping delay, the output relay R remains in the off-position even if the measured current exceeds the value adjusted at the MAX-regulator. After resetting the failure (interrupting and re-applying the supply voltage), the output relay R switches into on-position and a new measuring cycle begins with the set interval of the start-up suppression (START).

WIN, WIN+LATCH - current monitoring in windowfunction between MIN and MAX values, current monitoring in windowfunction between MIN and MAX values with fault latch



When the measured current exceeds the value adjusted at the MAX-regulator, the set interval of the tripping delay (Delay) begins (red LED MAX flashes). After the interval has expired (red LED MAX illuminated), the output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated). The output relay R again switchs into on-position (yellow LED illuminated) when the measured current falls below the value adjusted at the MAXregulator (red LED MAX not illuminated). When the measured current falls below the value adjusted at the MIN-regulator, the set interval of the tripping delay (Delay) begins again (red LED MIN flashes). After the interval has expired (red LED MIN illuminated), the output relay R switches into off-position (yellow LED not illuminated).

If the fault latch is activated (WIN+LATCH) and the measured current remains below the MINvalue longer than the set interval of the tripping delay, the output relay R remains in the off-position even if the measured current exceeds the value adjusted at the MIN-regulator. If the measured current remains above the MAX-value longer than the set interval of the tripping delay, the output relay R remains in the off-position even if the measured current falls below the value adjusted at the MAX-regulator. After resetting the failure (interrupting and re-applying the supply voltage), the output relay R switches into on-position and a new measuring cycle begins with the set interval of the start-up suppression (START).

R - output